

IMP

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COLLABORATORS

	<i>TITLE :</i> IMP		
<i>ACTION</i>	<i>NAME</i>	<i>DATE</i>	<i>SIGNATURE</i>
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Chapter 1

IMP

1.1 ImageFX Sequence Processor

Theory

Gadgets

Menus

Arexx Reference

Please read the section on IMP theory before attempting to use the program!

1.2 IMP Menus

Project Menu

New

Erase all settings and start fresh.

Open...

Open an existing project file.

Save

Save the current settings to the last used project file.

Save As...

Save the current settings to a new project file.

Help...

Invoke the AmigaGuide help system. Pressing the HELP key will also do this.

Close

Exit IMP only.

Quit

Exit IMP and signal ImageFX to exit also.

Misc Menu

Load Format...

Select the name of the load format to use for each frame.
Defaults to automatically detecting the format.

Load Options...

Options for the supplied load format.

Save Format...

Select the name of the save format for individual frames.
Defaults to ILBM.

Save Options...

Options for the supplied save format.

Save Digits... (2.5)

Sets the number of digits used when appending frame numbers to saved sequences. For example, setting Save Digits to 3 will save sequences as "Frame001", "Frame002", "Frame003". Setting Save Digits to 5 will save sequences as "Frame00001", "Frame00002", "Frame00003".

Anim Format...

Select the name of the animation format used to generate animations.
Defaults to ANIM.

Anim Options...

Options for the supplied animation format. Typically "Keep".

1.3 IMP Theory

Theory of Operation

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IMP is a batch processor; it is a tool for doing a process or effect on a series of images automatically.

IMP is designed to work on the following types of images:

- 1) A single image. Specified by simply entering the full name of the file in the appropriate source string gadget.
- 2) A series of images (a "sequence"), where each frame of the series is marked with a numeric extension (eg. "Frame001", "Frame002", "Frame003", etc.). Sequences are identified by their "base" name only (the filenames without numeric extensions). In the above example, the base name would be simply "Frame"; this is what you would enter into the appropriate source string gadget.
- 3) A standard Op5 ANIM format animation. To work on an ANIM,

enter the full path and filename of the animation into the appropriate source string gadget.

The results of IMP's processing can be output in the following formats:

- 1) A sequence of 24-bit files, each with a numeric extension denoting the frame (eg. "Pic001", "Pic002", etc.). The default file format is ILBM, but this can be changed with a pull-down menu option.
- 2) A sequence of rendered pictures, each with a numeric extension denoting the frame (eg. "Pic001", "Pic002", etc.). Rendered pictures can usually be viewed directly. The default file format is ILBM, but this can be changed with a pull-down menu option. Each frame is rendered according to the settings in the currently selected ImageFX render module.
- 3) A standard Op5 ANIM format animation. Each frame is rendered according to the settings in the currently selected ImageFX render module.

For each frame in the process, a series of ImageFX commands may be executed to perform effects or transformations on the sequence. These commands may also be used to cause the main, swap, or alpha channel buffers to interact. The "Prep" and "Proc" gadgets are used to enter commands to run on each frame.

## 1.4 IMP Main Gadgets

### Gadgets On The Interface

#### Main

Image, sequence, or animation to process using ImageFX's main image buffer.

#### Swap

Image, sequence, or animation to process using ImageFX's swap buffer.

#### Alpha

Image, sequence, or animation to process using ImageFX's alpha channel buffer.

#### Dest

Destination sequence basename or animation filename.

#### First

First frame number to process.

#### Last

Last frame number to process.

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**By (2.5)**

Frame skip count. A setting of 1 operates on every source frame, a setting of 2 operates on every other frame, etc.

**Output Mode**

The cycler gadget in the middle indicates what type of output the sequence processor generates. "Save 24-Bit Frames" simply saves the resulting 24-bit images. "Render Frames" runs each frame through the ImageFX render module and saves the resulting image to disk. "Render Animation" runs each frame through the ImageFX render module and packs the result into a standard Op5 ANIM file.

In IMP 2.5, the "Save 24-Bit Animation" option was added to save the resulting 24-bit images to a single file, presumably using a high-color save format such as "FlyerClip".

**Delete Src?**

Deletes the input frames after they are used.

**Wait for Src?**

Waits for input frames to be created.

**Lock Palette?**

Keeps the same palette colors throughout rendered sequences.

**Add Loop Frames?**

Repeat the first two frames at the end of an animation.

**Prep**

Initial ImageFX commands to be executed before the sequence processing begins. May be any one or more valid ImageFX commands, separated by semi-colons (;). Arexx programs may be executed by using the RX command.

**Proc**

ImageFX commands to be executed on each frame of the sequence. May be any one or more valid ImageFX commands, separated by semi-colons (;). Arexx programs may be executed by using the RX command.

**Begin**

Start the sequence processing.

**Close**

Exit IMP only.

**Quit**

Exit IMP and signal ImageFX to exit also.

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